

# The Currency Composition of Official Foreign Exchange Reserves

COFER Data and Reporting to the IMF

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#### COFER Data Collection and Dissemination

#### Data Reporting

- Collected by IMF since the 1960s
- Data of quarterly periodicity
- Reporting on voluntary basis
- Individual countries' data strictly confidential

#### Data Dissemination

- Before December 2005—Annual data published in IMF's Annual Reports
- Beginning in December 2005—Quarterly publication of aggregate COFER data on IMF's website (<a href="http://www-stg-ext/external/np/sta/cofer/eng/index.htm">http://www-stg-ext/external/np/sta/cofer/eng/index.htm</a>)

### Definition of Official Foreign Exchange Reserves

- Reserve definition follows BPM6
- Consistent with Foreign Exchange (1d.d) in International Financial Statistics (IFS)
- Defined as monetary authorities' claims on nonresidents in the form of
  - Foreign banknotes,
  - bank deposits,
  - treasury bills,
  - short-term and long-term, government securities, and
  - other claims usable in the event of balance of payments needs
- Excluding holdings of a currency by the issuing country, examples:
  - The US dollar-denominated assets held by the US Fed
  - The euro assets of the ECB and the central banks of the member countries of the EMU

# Currency Composition

- COFER database distinguishes the following currency denominations
  - U.S. Dollars
  - Euro
  - Pound Sterling

  - Japanese yenSwiss franc, and
  - Other currencies
- Before the 1999 introduction of the euro, European currencies identified separately were
  - European Currency Unit (ECU)
  - Deutsche mark
  - French franc, and
  - Netherlands guilder

## Data Presentation

- □ Three groupings of countries "All countries"

  - "Industrial countries"

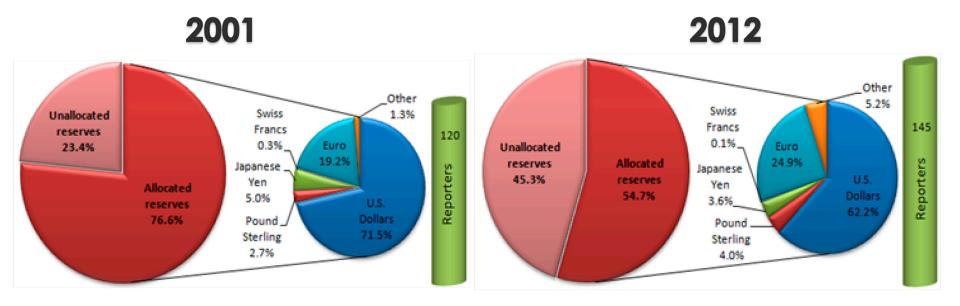
  - "Developing countries"Classifications follow that of WEO
  - Consistent with those currently used in IFS
- Three data aggregates
  - Total foreign exchange holdings (IFS data source)
  - Allocated reserves (COFER data source)
  - Unallocated reserves, consisting of
    - Total reserves of non-COFER-reporters
    - Discrepancy between data reporters' data on total reserves as orted to COFFR and to IFS

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## Country Coverage of Data

- □ 145 countries report to COFER as of Q1, 2012
  - All 34 advanced economies
  - 110 emerging and developing economies
- Number of reporting countries has increased through the years (120 reporters in 2001)
- Percentage of COFER data (allocated reserves) in the world's total official reserves has fallen slightly, reflecting the more rapid growth in official reserves in non-reporting countries
- IMF continues its efforts to explore new ways to encourage more countries to become reporters as increased coverage is critical for further improving the usefulness of COFER data

# Country Coverage of Data



# COFER Data Reporting to the IMF

- Report Form
- Reporting Modality
  - Early stage: Telegram/airmail/Fax
  - Emáil (STĂCOFEŘ@imf.org)
  - □ ICS (integrated correspondence system) and procedures for use
- Confidentiality policy for COFER Database
- One of the most strictly confidential databases
- Access to individual country data limited to only four staff in IMF/STA
- Data provided to other IMF departments are in the form of aggregates only
- Data are only published in the format of <u>statistical aggregates</u>

#### COFER in SDDS Plus

- Public disclosure of country's participation in the COFER reporting to the IMF
- Public dissemination of COFER data is not prescribed under the SDDS Plus.
- Quarterly data reporting with one quarter timeliness.